

Financial Statements as of and for the Year Ended September 30, 2024 and Independent Auditors' Report

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Commissioners of
Travis County Emergency Services District No. 3:

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of Travis County Emergency Services District No. 3 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of the District as of September 30, 2024, the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

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Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Austin, Texas

March 24, 2025

Management's Discussion & Analysis September 30, 2024

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 34, the management of Travis County Emergency Services District No. 3 (the "District") offers the following narrative on the financial performance of the District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024. Please read it in connection with the District's financial statements that follow.

Financial Highlights

- The District's net position at September 30, 2024 was \$26,469,741.
- The fund balance for the General Fund at September 30, 2024 was \$19,065,991, an increase of \$1,716,802 from the prior year.
- The District's General Fund had revenues of \$9,460,246 and expenditures of \$7,743,168 for the year ended September 30, 2024.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three parts: 1) government-wide financial statements 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to that of a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years, such as uncollected property taxes and earned, but unused, sick and vacation leave.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are considered governmental funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds balance sheet provides a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between total fund balances and net position of governmental activities. There is a reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities on page 13.

The District maintains a General Fund and Debt Service Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for these funds as they are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund. A budgetary comparison for the General Fund has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The District's net position as of September 30, 2024 and 2023 is shown in the table below. Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in the net position of the District's governmental activities as reported in the accrual basis of accounting.

Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities as of			
	S	eptember 30, 2024	September 30 2023	
Current assets Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	\$	19,504,713 7,753,578	\$	17,804,664 7,750,860
Total assets	\$	27,258,291	\$	25,555,524
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	\$	788,550 -	\$	781,236 107,552
Total liabilities	\$	788,550	\$	888,788
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	\$	7,659,306 15,282 18,795,153	\$	7,558,308 15,670 17,092,758
Total net position	\$	26,469,741	\$	24,666,736

The District's total assets were \$27,258,291 as of September 30, 2024, of which \$7,753,578 is accounted for by capital assets. The District had outstanding liabilities of \$788,550 as of September 30, 2024, of which \$80,000 represents outstanding principal on bonds payable maturing in 2025. Net position increased to \$26,469,741 as of September 30, 2024, an increase of \$1,803,005 as compared to the net position as of September 30, 2023.

The changes in net position for the years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 is shown in the table below.

Statement of Activities

	September 30, 2024		30, September 2023	
Expenses:				
Fire and emergency services	\$	7,130,126	\$	6,663,670
General government		637,726		551,934
Debt service				883
Total Expenses		7,767,852		7,216,487
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services		152,577		117,867
Operating grants and contributions		3,000		3,100
General revenues:				
Property taxes		2,222,271		2,207,307
Sales taxes	6,229,359			7,956,114
Interest and other income		963,650		912,298
Total Revenues		9,570,857		11,196,686
Change in Net Position		1,803,005		3,980,199
Net Position, Beginning		24,666,736		20,686,537
Net Position, Ending	\$	26,469,741	\$	24,666,736

General revenues totaled \$9,415,280 for the year ended September 30, 2024, of which \$2,222,271 (24%) was generated by property tax revenue and \$6,229,359 (66%) was generated by sales tax revenue. Expenses totaled \$7,767,852 for the year ended September 30, 2024, of which \$7,130,126 (92%) represents fire and emergency services expenses. Net position increased by \$1,803,005 for the year ended September 30, 2024 compared to an increase of \$3,980,199 for the year ended September 30, 2023.

The District's Governmental Funds

As of September 30, 2024, the District's General Fund reported total assets of \$19,489,231, total liabilities of \$298,112, and deferred inflows of resources related to uncollected property taxes of \$125,128, resulting in fund balance of \$19,065,991, which is an increase of \$1,716,802 over the prior year fund balance.

As of September 30, 2024, the District's Debt Service Fund had no fund balance remaining.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual expenditures in the General Fund totaled \$7,743,168 for the year ended September 30, 2024, \$31,492 more than the final budget. The budget variance is primarily due to the District expending more than budgeted on capital outlay. Resources available for appropriation (revenues) totaled \$9,460,246 for the year ended September 30, 2024, \$1,747,553 more than the final budget. The budget variance is primarily due to more sales tax revenue and interest income than expected.

Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2024 and 2023, the District had the following capital assets in operation:

Capital Assets at Year End

	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023		
Land	\$ 1,350,661	\$ 1,350,661		
Construction in progress	-	42,061		
Buildings and improvements	7,367,127	7,162,511		
Fire trucks and vehicles	3,630,795	3,585,160		
Equipment	1,135,763	843,232		
Total capital assets	13,484,346	12,983,625		
Accumulated depreciation	(5,730,768)	(5,232,765)		
Total net capital assets	\$ 7,753,578	\$ 7,750,860		

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the *Notes to Basic Financial Statements*.

Long-Term Debt Administration

At September 30, 2024 and 2023, the District's long-term debt was comprised of the following:

Long-Term Debt at Year End

	September 30, 2024		September 30, 2023		
Series 2013 bonds Bond premium	\$	80,000 14,272	\$	165,000 27,552	
Total	\$	94,272	\$	192,552	

More detailed information about the District's long-term debt is presented in the *Notes to Basic Financial Statements*.

Economic Factors, Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The District's Board of Commissioners considered various factors when setting the 2025 budget, tax rates, and necessary expenditures for the next year's activities. The District's budgetary growth has mirrored its residential growth and the economy. Tax revenues are currently limited by the mandatory \$0.10 per \$100 of assessed valuation cap. The adopted budget for the year ended September 30, 2025 for the District's General Fund projects a fund balance increase of \$621,231. Compared to the 2024 budget for the General Fund, 2025 budgeted revenues are expected to increase by \$1,455,542; expenditures are expected to increase by \$838,206.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the District at Travis County Emergency Services District No. 3, Attn: Treasurer, 4111 Barton Creek Boulevard, Austin, Texas 78735.

Statement of Net Position September 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Co	omponent Unit
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,040,657	\$	37,212
Investments	14,960,321		-
Receivables:			
Property taxes, net	140,610		-
Sales taxes	975,889		-
Other	94,982		-
Prepaid items	292,254		-
Capital assets (net of			
accumulated depreciation):			
Land	1,350,661		-
Buildings and improvements	4,238,524		-
Fire trucks and vehicles	1,648,317		-
Equipment	516,076		
Total assets	\$ 27,258,291	\$	37,212
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 41,462	\$	-
Accrued liabilities	256,650		-
Accrued interest payable	200		-
Long-term liabilities-			
Due within one year	490,238		
Total liabilities	788,550		
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	7,659,306		-
Restricted for debt service	15,282		-
Unrestricted	18,795,153		37,212
Total net position	\$ 26,469,741	\$	37,212

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2024

				Net (Expens	
		Program Revenues		and Changes in	n Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Component Unit
Governmental activities: Fire and					
emergency services General government	\$ 7,130,126 637,726	152,577	3,000	(6,974,549) (637,726)	<u>-</u>
Total governmental activities	\$ 7,767,852	152,577	3,000	(7,612,275)	
Component unit-					
Response Training Foundation	\$ 3,000	_	1,000		(2,000)
	General revenue	es:			
	Property taxes			\$ 2,222,271	\$ -
	Sales taxes			6,229,359	-
	Interest incom			738,903	-
	TIFMAS reim	bursements		97,507	-
	Other income			127,240	
	Total general	revenues		9,415,280	
	Change in net	position		1,803,005	(2,000)
	Net position - b	eginning		24,666,736	39,212
	Net position - en	nding		\$26,469,741	\$ 37,212

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds September 30, 2024

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,040,657	-	3,040,657
Investments	14,960,321	-	14,960,321
Receivables:			
Property taxes, net	125,128	15,482	140,610
Sales taxes	975,889	-	975,889
Other	94,982	-	94,982
Prepaid items	292,254		292,254
Total assets	\$ 19,489,231	15,482	19,504,713
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 41,462	-	41,462
Accrued liabilities	256,650		256,650
Total liabilities	298,112	. <u> </u>	298,112
Deferred Inflows of Resources-	105 100	15.400	1.40.610
Deferred revenue - property taxes	125,128	15,482	140,610
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable-			
Prepaid items	292,254	-	292,254
Committed-	90,000		90,000
Debt service Unassigned	80,000 18,693,737	-	80,000 18,693,737
Total fund balances	19,065,991	·	19,065,991
	17,003,771	·	17,003,771
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 19,489,231	15,482	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	e statement of net p	osition are different	because:
Capital assets used in governmental activities are r	_		
therefore, are not reported in the funds	iot illianetai resoure	es and,	\$ 7,753,578
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for	current-period expe	enditures and.	ψ 1,723,270
therefore, are deferred in the funds	1 1	,	140,610
The following liabilities are not due and payable in	the current period	and,	ŕ
therefore, are not reported in the funds:	•		
Compensated absences			(395,966)
Interest payable			(200)
Bond payable, including premiums			(94,272)
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 26,469,741

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Year Ended September 30, 2024

Revenues: Program revenues: Services \$ 152,577 - 152,577 Donations 3,000 - 3,000 Total program revenues 155,577 - 155,577 General revenues: - 6,229,359 - 6,229,359 Property taxes, including penalties and interest 2,111,660 89,674 2,201,334 Interest income 738,903 - 738,903 TIFMAS reimbursements 97,507 - 97,507 Other 127,240 - 127,240 Total general revenues 9,304,669 89,674 9,394,343 Total revenues 9,460,246 89,674 9,549,920 Expenditures: Service operations: - 6,784,004 Public safety \$ 6,784,004 - 6,784,004 General and administrative 458,443 - 458,443 Debt service: - 85,000 85,000 Interest payments - 85,000 85,000 <		General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Services \$ 152,577 - 152,577 Donations 3,000 - 3,000 Total program revenues 155,577 - 155,577 General revenues: - 6,229,359 - 6,229,359 Properly taxes, including penalties and interest lines are revenues. 2,111,660 89,674 2,201,334 Interest income 738,903 - 738,903 - 738,903 - 738,903 - 738,903 TIFMAS reimbursements 97,507 - 97,507 - 97,507 - 97,507 - 127,240	Revenues:			
Donations 3,000 - 3,000 Total program revenues 155,577 - 155,577 General revenues: Sales taxes 6,229,359 - 6,229,359 Property taxes, including penalties and interest 2,111,660 89,674 2,201,334 Interest income 738,903 - 738,903 TIFMAS reimbursements 97,507 - 97,507 Other 127,240 - 127,240 Total general revenues 9,304,669 89,674 9,394,343 Total revenues 9,460,246 89,674 9,549,920 Expenditures: Service operations: <	Program revenues:			
Total program revenues 155,577 - 155,577 General revenues: 50,229,359 - 6,229,359 - 6,229,359 - 6,229,359 - 6,229,359 - 6,229,359 - 6,229,359 - 6,229,359 - 738,903 - 738,903 - 738,903 - 738,903 - 738,903 - 738,903 - 97,507 - 97,507 - 97,507 - 97,507 - 97,507 - 97,507 - 97,507 - 97,507 - 97,507 - 127,240 - 127,240 - 127,240 - 127,240 - 127,240 - 127,240 - 127,240 - 127,240 - 9,304,669 89,674 9,394,343 - 458,490 - 89,674 9,349,920 - 89,674 9,549,920 - - 87,49,920 - - 87,49,920 - - 87,49,04 - 6,784,004 <td>Services</td> <td>\$ 152,577</td> <td>-</td> <td>152,577</td>	Services	\$ 152,577	-	152,577
General revenues: Sales taxes 6,229,359 - 6,229,359 Property taxes, including penalties and interest 2,111,660 89,674 2,201,334 Interest income 738,903 - 738,903 - 738,903 TIFMAS reimbursements 97,507 - 97,507 - 97,507 Other 127,240 - 127,240 - 127,240 Total general revenues 9,304,669 89,674 9,394,343 Total revenues 9,460,246 89,674 9,549,920 Expenditures: Service operations: - 89,674 9,549,920 Expenditures: Service operations: - 458,443 - 458,443 Debt service: Principal payments - 85,000 85,000 Interest payments - 85,000 85,000 Interest payments - 4,950 4,950 Capital outlay 500,721 - 500,721 Total expenditures 7,743,168 89,950 7,833,118 Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,717,078 (276) 1,716,802 Other finan	Donations	 3,000		3,000
Sales taxes 6,229,359 - 6,229,359 Property taxes, including penalties and interest 2,111,660 89,674 2,201,334 Interest income 738,903 - 738,903 TIFMAS reimbursements 97,507 - 97,507 Other 127,240 - 127,240 Total general revenues 9,304,669 89,674 9,394,343 Total revenues 9,460,246 89,674 9,394,343 Total revenues 9,460,246 89,674 9,394,343 Expenditures: Service operations: Public safety 6,784,004 - 6,784,004 General and administrative 458,443 - 458,443 Debt service: Principal payments - 85,000 85,000 Interest payments - 4,950 4,950 4,950 Capital outlay 500,721 - 500,721 Total expenditures 7,743,168 89,950 7,833,118 Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,716,802 - <t< td=""><td>Total program revenues</td><td> 155,577</td><td></td><td>155,577</td></t<>	Total program revenues	 155,577		155,577
Property taxes, including penalties and interest 2,111,660 89,674 2,201,334 Interest income 738,903 - 738,903 TIFMAS reimbursements 97,507 - 97,507 Other 127,240 - 127,240 Total general revenues 9,304,669 89,674 9,394,343 Total revenues 9,460,246 89,674 9,549,920 Expenditures: Service operations: Public safety \$ 6,784,004 - 6,784,004 General and administrative 458,443 - 458,443 Debt service: Principal payments - 85,000 85,000 Interest payments - 4,950 4,950 Capital outlay 500,721 - 500,721 Total expenditures 7,743,168 89,950 7,833,118 Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,717,078 (276) 1,716,802 Other financing sources (uses)- Interfund transfer (276) 276 - Net change in fund balances 1	General revenues:			
Interest income 738,903 - 738,903 TIFMAS reimbursements 97,507 - 97,507 Other 127,240 - 127,240 Total general revenues 9,304,669 89,674 9,394,343 Total revenues 9,460,246 89,674 9,549,920 Expenditures: Service operations: - 89,674 9,549,920 Expenditures: Service operations: - 6,784,004 - 6,784,004 General and administrative 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 Debt service: Principal payments - 85,000 85,000 85,000 Interest payments - 4,950 4,950 4,950 4,950 Capital outlay 500,721 - 500,721 - 500,721 Total expenditures 7,743,168 89,950 7,833,118 50,722 - 1,716,802 Other financing sources (uses)- Interfund transfer (276) 276 - - Net ch	Sales taxes	6,229,359	-	6,229,359
TIFMAS reimbursements 97,507 - 97,507 Other 127,240 - 127,240 Total general revenues 9,304,669 89,674 9,394,343 Total revenues 9,460,246 89,674 9,549,920 Expenditures: Service operations: Service operations: Service operations: Service operations: - 6,784,004 - 6,784,004 General and administrative 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 458,443 - 4,950 4,950 4,950 - 4,950 - 200,721 - 500,721 - 500,721 - 500,721 - 500,721 - 7,743,168	Property taxes, including penalties and interest	2,111,660	89,674	2,201,334
Other 127,240 - 127,240 Total general revenues 9,304,669 89,674 9,394,343 Total revenues 9,460,246 89,674 9,549,920 Expenditures: Service operations: 6,784,004 - - 7,743,168 89,500 85,000 -	Interest income	738,903	-	738,903
Total general revenues 9,304,669 89,674 9,394,343 Total revenues 9,460,246 89,674 9,549,920 Expenditures: Service operations:	TIFMAS reimbursements	97,507	-	97,507
Total revenues 9,460,246 89,674 9,549,920 Expenditures: Service operations: Public safety \$ 6,784,004 - 6,784,004 General and administrative 458,443 - 458,443 Debt service: Principal payments - 85,000 85,000 Interest payments - 4,950 4,950 Capital outlay 500,721 - 500,721 Total expenditures 7,743,168 89,950 7,833,118 Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,717,078 (276) 1,716,802 Other financing sources (uses)- Interfund transfer (276) 276 - Net change in fund balances 1,716,802 - 1,716,802 Fund balance: Beginning of year 17,349,189 - 17,349,189	Other	 127,240		127,240
Expenditures: Service operations: Public safety \$ 6,784,004 - 6,784,004 General and administrative 458,443 - 458,443 Debt service: Principal payments - 85,000 85,000 Interest payments - 4,950 4,950 Capital outlay 500,721 - 500,721 Total expenditures 7,743,168 89,950 7,833,118 Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,717,078 (276) 1,716,802 Other financing sources (uses)- Interfund transfer (276) 276 - Net change in fund balances 1,716,802 - 1,716,802 Fund balance: Beginning of year 17,349,189 - 17,349,189	Total general revenues	9,304,669	89,674	9,394,343
Service operations: Public safety \$ 6,784,004 - 6,784,004 General and administrative 458,443 - 458,443 Debt service: - 85,000 85,000 Principal payments - 4,950 4,950 Interest payments - 4,950 4,950 Capital outlay 500,721 - 500,721 Total expenditures 7,743,168 89,950 7,833,118 Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,717,078 (276) 1,716,802 Other financing sources (uses)- Interfund transfer (276) 276 - Net change in fund balances 1,716,802 - 1,716,802 Fund balance: Beginning of year 17,349,189 - 17,349,189	Total revenues	 9,460,246	89,674	9,549,920
Public safety \$ 6,784,004 - 6,784,004 General and administrative 458,443 - 458,443 Debt service: - 85,000 85,000 Principal payments - 85,000 85,000 Interest payments - 4,950 4,950 Capital outlay 500,721 - 500,721 Total expenditures 7,743,168 89,950 7,833,118 Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,717,078 (276) 1,716,802 Other financing sources (uses)- Interfund transfer (276) 276 - Net change in fund balances 1,716,802 - 1,716,802 Fund balance: Beginning of year 17,349,189 - 17,349,189	Expenditures:			
General and administrative 458,443 - 458,443 Debt service: - 85,000 85,000 Principal payments - 4,950 4,950 4,950 Capital outlay 500,721 - 500,721 - 500,721 Total expenditures 7,743,168 89,950 7,833,118 Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,717,078 (276) 1,716,802 Other financing sources (uses)- Interfund transfer (276) 276 - Net change in fund balances 1,716,802 - 1,716,802 Fund balance: Beginning of year 17,349,189 - 17,349,189	Service operations:			
Debt service: Principal payments - 85,000 85,000 85,000 85,000 85,000 85,000 85,000 85,000 85,000 85,000 85,000 4,950 4,950 7,833,118 Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,717,078 (276) 1,716,802 Other financing sources (uses)-Interfund transfer (276) 276 - Net change in fund balances 1,716,802 - 1,716,802 Fund balance: Beginning of year 17,349,189 - 17,349,189	Public safety	\$ 6,784,004	-	6,784,004
Principal payments - 85,000 85,000 Interest payments - 4,950 4,950 Capital outlay 500,721 - 500,721 Total expenditures 7,743,168 89,950 7,833,118 Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,717,078 (276) 1,716,802 Other financing sources (uses)- Interfund transfer (276) 276 - Net change in fund balances 1,716,802 - 1,716,802 Fund balance: Beginning of year 17,349,189 - 17,349,189	General and administrative	458,443	-	458,443
Interest payments	Debt service:			
Capital outlay 500,721 - 500,721 Total expenditures 7,743,168 89,950 7,833,118 Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,717,078 (276) 1,716,802 Other financing sources (uses)- Interfund transfer (276) 276 - Net change in fund balances 1,716,802 - 1,716,802 Fund balance: Beginning of year 17,349,189 - 17,349,189	Principal payments	-	85,000	85,000
Total expenditures 7,743,168 89,950 7,833,118 Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,717,078 (276) 1,716,802 Other financing sources (uses)- Interfund transfer (276) 276 - Net change in fund balances 1,716,802 - 1,716,802 Fund balance: Beginning of year 17,349,189 - 17,349,189	Interest payments	-	4,950	4,950
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,717,078 (276) 1,716,802 Other financing sources (uses)- Interfund transfer (276) 276 - Net change in fund balances 1,716,802 - 1,716,802 Fund balance: Beginning of year 17,349,189 - 17,349,189	Capital outlay	 500,721		500,721
Other financing sources (uses)- (276) 276 - Interfund transfer 1,716,802 - 1,716,802 Fund balance: - 17,349,189 - 17,349,189	Total expenditures	 7,743,168	89,950	7,833,118
Interfund transfer (276) 276 - Net change in fund balances 1,716,802 - 1,716,802 Fund balance: Beginning of year 17,349,189 - 17,349,189	Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,717,078	(276)	1,716,802
Interfund transfer (276) 276 - Net change in fund balances 1,716,802 - 1,716,802 Fund balance: Beginning of year 17,349,189 - 17,349,189	Other financing sources (uses)-			
Net change in fund balances 1,716,802 - 1,716,802 Fund balance: - 17,349,189 - 17,349,189	` '	(276)	276	_
Fund balance: Beginning of year	Net change in fund balances		-	1,716,802
Beginning of year 17,349,189 - 17,349,189	-			
End of year \$ 19,065,991 - 19,065,991		17,349,189		17,349,189
	End of year	\$ 19,065,991	-	19,065,991

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 1,716,802
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense: Capital outlay Depreciation expense	500,721 (498,003)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds- Change in deferred tax revenue	20,937
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position-Repayment of bond payable	85,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Change in bond interest payable	213
Amortization of bond premium Change in compensated absences	13,280 (35,945)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,803,005

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Services	\$ 135,000	152,577	17,577
Donations	3,000	3,000	-
General revenues:			
Sales taxes	5,019,761	6,229,359	1,209,598
Property taxes, including			
penalties and interest	2,164,182	2,111,660	(52,522)
Interest income	300,000	738,903	438,903
TIFMAS reimbursements	-	97,507	97,507
Other	90,750	127,240	36,490
Total revenues	7,712,693	9,460,246	1,747,553
Expenditures:			
Service operations:			
Public safety	6,851,894	6,784,004	67,890
General and administrative	445,782	458,443	(12,661)
Debt service:			
Principal payments	85,000	-	85,000
Interest payments	4,950	-	4,950
Capital outlay	324,050	500,721	(176,671)
Total expenditures	7,711,676	7,743,168	(31,492)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,017	1,717,078	1,716,061
Other financing uses- Interfund transfer	<u>-</u> _	(276)	(276)
Net change in fund balance	1,017	1,716,802	1,715,785
Fund balance:			
Beginning of year	17,349,189	17,349,189	
End of year	\$ 17,350,206	19,065,991	1,715,785

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended September 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Travis County Emergency Services District No. 3 (the "District") was formed in the State of Texas under Article III, Section 48-e of the Texas Constitution on October 1, 1992 for the protection of human life and health. The District is one of many emergency service districts located in Travis County, Texas. The District provides fire suppression, emergency medical and rescue first response, hazardous materials incident response, and other emergency incident response that may arise within its boundaries. The District serves a 41 square mile area in southwestern Travis County and bordering Hays County. The District is a 24 hour a day operation and provides service from two fire stations.

The reporting entity of the District encompasses those activities and functions over which the District's appointed officials exercise significant oversight or control. The District is governed by a five member Board of Commissioners (the "Board") which has been appointed by the Travis County Commissioners' Court, in accordance with state law. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") since Board members have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

Oak Hill Regional Emergency Response Training Foundation (the "Foundation") is a discretely presented component unit of the District. The Foundation is a non-profit corporation dedicated to providing emergency service training. The Foundation is a legally separate entity determined to be a non-major discretely presented component unit of the District due to the District's voting majority in the governing body and the ability to impose its will on the Foundation. The Foundation is reported on the accrual basis of accounting, following accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and is only reported in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities located on pages 9 and 10. Complete information and financial statements can be obtained from the Foundation's office, which is located at 4111 Barton Creek Boulevard, Austin, Texas 78735.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Sales taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which the underlying exchanged occurred. Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Major revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include property and sales taxes. No accrual for property taxes collected within sixty days of year end has been made as such amounts are deemed immaterial; delinquent property taxes at year end are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund includes financial resources used for general operations. It is a budgeted fund, and any unassigned fund balance is considered resources available for current operations.

The Debt Service Fund includes financial resources used to retire bond principal and to pay interest due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the General Fund. Prior to the beginning of each year, the District prepares a budget. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing those expenditures and is adopted on the modified accrual basis, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Public meetings are conducted at which all interested persons' comments concerning the budget are heard. After such meetings, the Board formally adopts the budget through passage of an ordinance. The District may amend the budget throughout the year, approving such additional expenditures as may be required. All annual appropriations for the General Fund lapse at the fiscal year-end.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> - The District considers all highly liquid investments available for current use with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments - Temporary investments throughout the year consisted of investments in an external local government investment pool, certificates of deposit, and U.S. Treasury securities. The external local government investment pool is recognized at amortized cost as permitted by GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The District is entitled to invest any and all of its funds in obligations of, or guaranteed by, the United States of America or its agencies, certificates of deposit, and certain public fund investment pools. The District is authorized to invest in obligations of, or guaranteed by, government entities other than the United States of America or one of its agencies or instrumentalities, repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, and mutual funds to the extent authorized by Section 2256 of the Government Code ("Public Funds Investment Act") and only upon the Board's adoption of a separate resolution authorizing such investment. The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act. The District's management believes that it complied with the requirements of the District's investment policy and the Public Funds Investment Act. The District accrues interest on temporary investments based on the terms and effective interest rates of the specific investments.

Ad Valorem Property Taxes - Allowances for uncollectibles within the General Fund are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of September 30, 2024, the District had an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$22,081.

<u>Prepaid Items</u> - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are charged to expenditures when consumed.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, fire trucks and vehicles, and equipment are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of at least \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or estimated acquisition value at the date of donation if donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets (other than land) are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings and improvements	10-40
Fire trucks and vehicles	5-20
Equipment	4-20

<u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, which provides guidance for reporting the financial statement elements of deferred outflows of resources, which represent the consumption of the District's net position that is applicable to a future reporting period, and deferred inflows of resources, which represent the District's acquisition of net position applicable to a future reporting period.

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

<u>Fund Equity</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. See Note 8 for additional information on those fund balance classifications.

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. Fair value accounting requires characterization of the inputs used to measure fair value into a three-level fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market the entity has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are observable inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent from the entity.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available.

There are three general valuation techniques that may be used to measure fair value:

- Market approach uses prices generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities.
- Cost approach uses the amount that currently would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (replacement cost).
- Income approach uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts to present amounts based on current market expectations.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Temporary Investments

The District's deposits are required to be secured in the manner provided by law for the security of the funds. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of September 30, 2024, the District's bank deposits were entirely covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance or secured by collateral pledged by the depository.

The Public Funds Investment Act authorizes the District to invest in funds under a written investment policy. The District's deposits and investments are invested pursuant to the investment policy, which is approved annually by the Board. The primary objectives of the District's investment strategy, in order of priority, are safety, liquidity, and yield.

Investments held at September 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

		Weighted	
		Average	Standard
		Maturity	& Poor's
Туре	Fair Value	(Days)	Rating
Local governmental investment pool-			
TexPool	\$ 7,210,196	1	AAAm
Certificates of deposit	1,715,000	236	N/A
U.S. Treasury securities	6,035,125	286	AA+
Total	\$ 14,960,321		

At September 30, 2024, the District had investments in one external local government investment pool, Texas Local Governmental Investment Pool ("TexPool"), certificates of deposit with various banking institutions, and U.S. Treasury securities. Although TexPool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, it operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. This investment is stated at amortized cost in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*.

TexPool is overseen by the Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts, who is the sole officer, director and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company which is authorized to operate TexPool. TexPool also has an advisory board to advise on TexPool's investment policy, which is made up equally of participants and nonparticipants who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. Federated Hermes, Inc. manages daily operations of TexPool under a contract with the Comptroller and is the investment manager for the pool. TexPool's investment policy stipulates that it must invest in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, the external local government investment pool does not have any limitations and restrictions on withdrawals such as notice periods or maximum transaction amounts. This pool does not impose any liquidity fees or redemption gates.

U.S. Treasury securities are valued using level 2 inputs that are based on market data obtained from independent sources. The investments are reported by the District at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72.

<u>Credit Risk</u> - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At September 30, 2024, investments were included in an external local governmental investment pool and U.S. Treasury securities with a rating from Standard and Poor's in compliance with the District's investment policy. Certificates of deposit were entirely covered by FDIC insurance at each banking institution.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - The District considers the holdings in the external local governmental investment pool to have a one day weighted average maturity due to the fact that the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholders, unless there has been a significant change in value. The District's holdings in U.S. Treasury securities are limited to a maximum stated maturity of two years in order to limit interest and market rate risk from changes in interest rates. Certificates of deposit held by the District have set interest rates.

3. Property Taxes

The District is authorized to levy a tax each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located within its boundaries. Assessed values are established annually by the Travis Central Appraisal District. District property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they are collected in the current year. The uncollected balance is reported as deferred inflows of resources. Taxes receivable are due January 1, are delinquent if received after January 31 and are subject to penalty and interest charges.

In September 2023, the District levied a tax rate of \$0.040 per \$100 of assessed valuation to finance operating expenditures and debt service requirements. The maintenance tax rate and the debt service tax rate were \$0.0384 and \$0.0016, respectively. The total fiscal year 2024 tax levy was \$2,222,030 based on a taxable valuation of \$5,555,074,925.

4. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended. During the year ended September 30, 2024, the General Fund transferred \$276 to the Debt Service Fund due to a deficit of revenues under expenditures for the Debt Service Fund.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance September 30, 2023	Additions	Disposals and Transfers	Balance September 30, 2024
Capital assets not				
being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,350,661	-	-	1,350,661
Construction in progress	42,061	28,508	(70,569)	<u>-</u>
Total capital assets,				
not being depreciated	1,392,722	28,508	(70,569)	1,350,661
Capital assets				
being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	7,162,511	134,047	70,569	7,367,127
Fire trucks and vehicles	3,585,160	45,635	-	3,630,795
Equipment	843,232	292,531		1,135,763
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	11,590,903	472,213	70,569	12,133,685
Less accumulated				
depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(2,900,017)	(228,586)	-	(3,128,603)
Fire trucks and vehicles	(1,804,476)	(178,002)	-	(1,982,478)
Equipment	(528,272)	(91,415)		(619,687)
Total accumulated				
depreciation	(5,232,765)	(498,003)		(5,730,768)
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	6,358,138	(25,790)	70,569	6,402,917
Capital assets, net	\$ 7,750,860	2,718		7,753,578

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Fire and emergency services	\$ 310,177
General government	 187,826
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 498,003

6. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2024 are summarized as follows:

	Balance otember 30, 2023	Additions	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2024	Due Within One Year
Series 2013					
Limited Tax Bond	\$ 165,000	-	(85,000)	80,000	80,000
Bond premium	27,552	-	(13,280)	14,272	14,272
Compensated					
absences	 360,021	384,111	(348,166)	395,966	395,966
	\$ 552,573	384,111	(446,446)	490,238	490,238

Bond payable consisted of the following at September 30, 2024:

	Amounts			Outs	standing at
	of Original	Maturity	Interest	Sep	tember 30,
Date of Issue	Issue	Date	Rate		2024
Series 2013					
Limited Tax Bond	\$ 3,030,000	2025	2.00-3.00%	\$	80,000

Debt service requirements to maturity for the District's bond payable are summarized as follows:

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	Interest	Total Requirement
2025	\$	80,000	2,400	82,400

Compensated Absences - Compensated absences represent the estimated liability for employees' accrued vacation for which employees are entitled to be paid upon termination. The retirement of this liability is paid from the General Fund.

7. Retirement Plans

The District offers it employees two retirement plans (the "Plans") consistent with Internal Revenue Code Section 457(a) and 401(a). After the required minimum level of service requirements have been met, all eligible employees can join the Plans. The employees are immediately vested in personally contributed amounts. The Plans' funds are available to the employee at termination, retirement, death, loan, or unforeseeable emergency as allowed by the Plans' documents. The District contributes \$2 for every \$1 of employee contributions up to a maximum of 7% of employee compensation. Employees are fully vested in employer contributions to the Plans on their behalf after a predetermined number of years of service. The specific requirements of each plan are as defined in the District's Plan documents. During the year ended September 30, 2024, the District made contributions of \$937,905 to the Plans.

8. Fund Balance

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Those fund balance classifications are described below.

<u>Nonspendable</u> - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers, or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to approval by formal action by the Board.

<u>Assigned</u> - For the General Fund, amounts that are appropriated by the Board or Board designee that are to be used for specific purposes. For all other governmental funds, any remaining positive amounts not previously classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the District's General Fund.

The detail of the fund balance is included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet on page 11.

Fund balance of the District may be committed for a specific purpose by formal action of the Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a resolution approved by the Board. The Board maintains the authority to assign fund balance for a specific purpose.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

9. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of losses including property, casualty, automobile, comprehensive liability and workers' compensation. The District purchases its insurance from regular commercial companies. As of September 30, 2024, no claims or losses have been incurred that were not covered by insurance. The District also participates in a public entity risk pool, the TML Intergovernmental Risk Pool, for various risk areas, wherein member entities pool risks and funds and share in the costs of losses. Claims against the District are expected to be paid in full by the public entity risk pool, but the District may be responsible to pay for claims if the public entity risk pool becomes insolvent. There is no liability due to any claim or suit having been filed within the last three years.